RIOP01: Risk of poverty (pct. of households) by reporting.country, time, type.of.household and threshold

		Total		One adult younger than 65 years		One adult older than 65 years		Single parent with dependent children		Two adults younger than 65 years		Two adults, at least one aged 65 years and over		Two or more adults with dependent children	
		50 per	60 per	50 per	60 per	50 per	60 per	50 per	60 per	50 per	60 per	50 per	60 per	50 per	60 per
		cent	cent	cent	cent	cent	cent	cent	cent	cent	cent	cent	cent	cent	cent
Greenland	2004	10.6	16.5												
	2005	8.3	14.3												
	2006	8.1	14.5												
	2007	9.1	15.2												
	2008	9.6	15.6												
	2009	8.3	14.3												
	2010	9.3	15.5												
	2011	9.2	15.2												
	2012	8.9	15.7												
	2013	10.1	16.8												
	2014	9.8	16.2												
	2015	9.6	16.2												
	2016														
	2017														
Iceland	2004	5.5	10.1	12.1	20.5	4.2	24.3	12.9	21.9	5.6	8.1	0.9	3.0	4.9	8.6
	2005	5.2	9.7	13.9	23.6	5.6	22.6	10.4	14.7	3.9	9.7	1.9	2.3	4.4	8.2
	2006	5.2	9.6	8.2	12.6	5.4	27.6	12.8	27.0	4.0	6.8	1.8	3.6	4.9	7.9
	2007	5.0	10.1	11.8	17.7	7.6	43.0	11.3	23.3	3.8	7.0	1.4	2.3	4.3	7.9
	2008	4.5	10.0	14.6	20.4	9.6	35.8	8.5	28.0	4.5	6.8	2.0	5.0	2.8	6.8
	2009	5.0	10.2	17.1	25.9	9.1	31.0	10.3	22.8	5.6	9.5	0.0	2.7	3.0	6.5
	2010	5.4	9.8	14.8	23.2	4.9	12.7	18.3	30.1	4.7	6.8	0.9	1.1	3.1	6.9
	2011	5.4	9.2	18.1	25.2	4.4	7.7	16.3	28.4	4.4	5.8	1.8	2.7	3.3	6.4
	2012	4.8	7.9	13.0	17.2	3.7	7.9	16.7	24.5	3.0	7.1	1.5	2.9	2.8	5.2
	2013	4.9	9.3	13.6	21.8	1.6	7.6	18.0	27.1	4.9	8.7	1.3	1.3	3.3	7.5
	2014	3.9	7.9	13.5	20.8	2.8	16.0	14.3	22.3	2.1	4.8	0.6	1.8	2.6	5.9
	2015	4.9	9.2	18.2	24.2	2.2	14.0	17.0	29.3	3.1	6.5	0.4	1.4	3.2	6.6
	2016	4.0	8.8	14.4	24.3	3.0	17.0	12.2	24.9	3.9	8.4	0.5	1.2	2.6	6.1
	2017							••		••					••

Per cent of households with an income under 50 or 60 per cent of median equivalised income.

The total disposable income of a household consists of personal income received by all household members plus income received at household level. Missingincome information is imputed. Disposable income consists of:

- all income from work (employee wages and self-employment earnings)
- private income from investment and property
- transfers between households
- all social transfers received incashincluding old-age pensions

To take into account the impact of differences in household size and composition, the total disposable household income is equivalised. The equivalised income attributed to each member of the household is calculated by dividing the total disposable income of the household by the equivalisation factor. In this case a weight of 1.0 to the first person aged 14 or more, a weight of 0.5 to other persons aged 14 or more and a weight of 0.3 to persons aged 0-13.

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Units: Per cent of households